

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of determining prognosis of prostate cancer from a patient, comprising the steps of:
 - establishing the threshold value of at least one prognostic gene selected from the group of
 - 5 Table 1A, 1B and 1C,
 - determining the amount of said prognostic gene from a prostate tissue of a patient,
 - comparing the amount of said prognostic gene with the established threshold value of said prognostic gene, and
 - determining the prognostic outcome of the patient.
- 10 2. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognostic gene is trp-p8.
3. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the amount of said prognostic gene is determined after amplification of said prognostic gene.
- 15 4. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising determining prostate-specific antigen.
5. The method of Claim 1, wherein said prognosis is determined after a selected therapeutic
- 20 treatment.
6. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognosis contributes to selection of a therapeutic strategy.
- 25 7. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said prognosis contributes to selection of a therapeutic strategy.
8. A method of determining prognosis of prostate cancer from a patient, comprising the steps of:

establishing the threshold value of at least one prognostic gene selected from the group of
Table 2,
determining the amount of said prognostic gene from a prostate tissue of a patient,
comparing the amount of said prognostic gene with the established threshold value of
5 said prognostic gene, and
determining the prognostic outcome of the patient.